

$$p(x_i > t) = e^{-\lambda t}$$

$X_1, X_2, X_3 \sim \text{iid exp}(\lambda)$

$$Y = \min(X_1, X_2, X_3)$$

$$p(Y \leq t) = 1 - p(Y > t)$$

$$= 1 - p(X_1 > t) \cdot p(X_2 > t) \cdot p(X_3 > t)$$

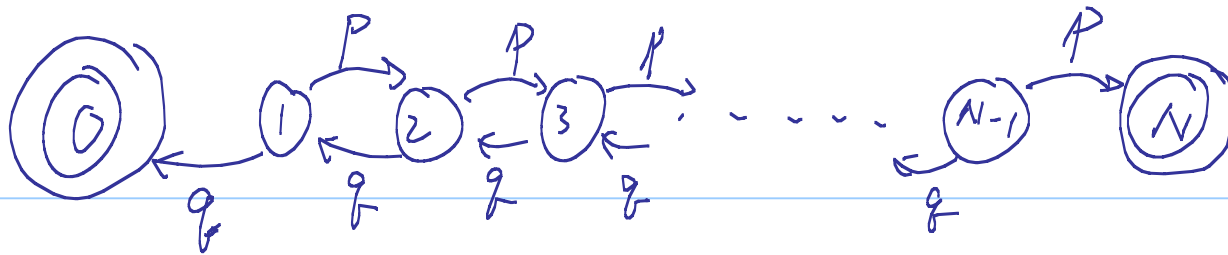
$$= 1 - e^{-3\lambda t}$$

$$\begin{cases} \pi Q = 0 \\ \pi \mathbf{1} = 1 \end{cases}$$

continuous-time  
MC

$$\begin{cases} \pi P = \pi \\ \pi \mathbf{1} = 1 \end{cases}$$

discrete-time  
MC

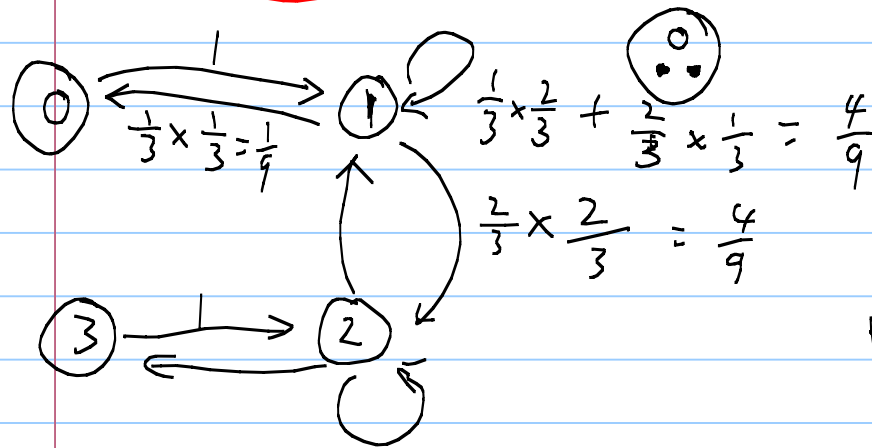


$$\square P_i = p \cdot P_{i+1} + q \cdot P_{i-1}$$

$$i=1 \quad P_1 = p \cdot P_2 + q \cdot 0 = p P_2$$

$$\square P_0=0, P_N=1$$

$$i=2 \quad P_2 = p P_3 + q P_1$$



$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\begin{cases} \pi P = \pi \\ \pi 1 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/9 & 4/9 & 4/9 & 0 \\ 0 & 4/9 & 4/9 & 1/9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/9 & 4/9 & 4/9 & 0 \\ 0 & 4/9 & 4/9 & 1/9 \\ e & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\pi P = 1$$

$$\pi = [\pi_0 \pi_1 \pi_2 \pi_3]$$

$$\pi(P - I) = (0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0)$$

$$(\pi_0 \ \pi_1 \ \pi_2 \ \pi_3) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} | \\ | \\ | \\ | \end{pmatrix} = 1$$

$$\pi \cdot \begin{pmatrix} | \\ | \\ | \\ | \end{pmatrix} (P - I) = (1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0)$$

↓  
A

↓  
B

$$\pi = B \cdot A^{-1}$$