EEL 6788 - Advanced topics in wireless networks Focus on urban sensing

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Welcome to EEL 6788 - Advanced topics in wireless networks

- This class is a vehicle for students to immerse themselves into current research topics in wireless networks.
- To clarify a misunderstanding caused by the EEL prefix: this is not an electrical engineering class. Our perspective is computer science computer engineering: software, networking protocols, some hardware. We are not interested in antennas, signal processing etc.
 - EE majors are, of course welcome to the class.
- Every year, we choose a different topic. Previously we had:
 - Ad hoc networks
 - Sensor networks
 - Sensor networks from an agent perspective

This year's topic: urban sensing

• How to use the ubiquitous personal devices

- best example being smartphones
- ... but also cameras, watches, personal health monitors etc.
- to sense our environment
- collect, validate, integrate and secure

the data

• and **deliver** it to interested customers, either centralized or distributed.

• Also known as **participatory sensing**, **urban computing** etc.

Example 1: real time distributed environment monitoring

- monitor the level of allergens in areas around the city
- use the cell phone's sensor to sense the data
- distribute the information
 - to centralized locations where a map is created
 - peer to peer to people who are interested

Challenges

- How do we know that people are interested?
- What is the motivation in sending?
 - Free-rider problem

Example 2: citizen science

- setting up a study which monitors some environmental value important to the community
 - e.g. noise, pollution, vibration caused by trucks, water quality
- real world studies are very expensive
- use cellphones to record data, send it to a central location

Challenges

- Do we trust the data?
 - Can we prevent malicious users to distort the values?
 - What about recording errors?
 - The issue of motivation

Example 3: price arbitrage

- prices of products show a variation across stores
- stores rely on the fact that comparison shopping is expensive
 - time
 - fuel cost
 - attention span
- use peer-to-peer networks to record / take a picture of prices
- distribute it to interested parties.

Challenges

- Motivation, free-riders, trust
- Conflict of interest: do I want to share the deal I found?
 - Idea: prospect of mutual benefit

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Who is interested in urban sensing?

Industry

- Microsoft
- Nokia
- Academia
 - UCLA
 - Dartmouth
 - MIT
- Startup companies

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About the instructor

- Damla Turgut
- http://www.eecs.ucf.edu/~turgut
- HEC-317, turgut@eecs.ucf.edu (preferred), phone: (407) 823-6171
- Class time: MW 9am-10:15am
- Office hours: MW 3pm-6pm
- Research interests:
 - wireless networks (sensor, ad hoc, etc.)
 - mobile computing
 - embodied agents

Class organization

- It is a **research class**. Goal is to collectively explore an interesting new domain.
- Strong emphasis on student participation.
- The culminating experience (and determining factor of the grade) is the **project**
 - real world smart-phone application (Android, iPhone, WebOS etc)
 - real world PC-simulated smart-phone application (eg. Android emulator)
 - netbook apps
 - simulation of urban sensing scenarios (YAES etc.)
 - surveys
- Projects with programming components can be 1-2 persons, survey projects are 1 person only.
- Objective: projects as scientific papers.

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Class deliverables and grading

- Presentation (20%)
- Project (60%)
- Homeworks (20%)
- Standard 90/80/70/60 scale will be used for final grades.
- \bullet However, the instructor may use +/- grading for the final grades.

Presentation

- Research a topic in urban sensing and present it in class in a 20 min presentation.
 - The goal is to be able to cover more material than if I would have to lecture.
 - The goal of the presentation is to teach us.
- It is usually centered around a single application. I would expect it to be a bit more than summarizing a paper: you need to read the background of the persons, the circumstances etc.
- Example: CenceMe from Darthmouth. Yes there is a paper which describes the Nokia N900 version. But there is also a later iPod application, it might be that there is a small company as well etc.
- I will put up a series of suggested topics, you can come with your own.
- Send me the presentation in Powerpoint, OpenOffice or PDF ahead of time such that I can put it on the webpage.

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Project

- Real world application using a smartphone platform (Android, iPhone etc.)
- -//- with smartphone emulated on a PC (eg. Android emulator)
- -//- simulated on a PC (eg. YAES ...)
- Netbook apps (preferable using peer-to-peer wireless)
- Surveys
- Programming projects 1-2 person, surveys 1 person only.
- You can get away without programming, but you then you need to read a lot.

- Check the website for the exact deliverables of a project.
- They are structured such that you can send the project to a conference / journal.
- ... and I think you should
- ... consider it as an exercise in a research project

Homeworks: reading assignment

- Two or three reading assignments on papers relevant to the topic.
- Deliverable: 500 word summaries on the papers.

Timeline (tentative)

- January 31: Decide on the project, assemble the teams.
 - Make sure you have a half page description about the specification of the project: what tools are you going to use, what functionality do you expect to work at the end of the project.
- February 28 March 2: Half time report of the projects (no class presentations)
 - Some code should be working... Ideal report: we have done most of the functionality, but we need some debugging.
 - ► The final report is already started, with the already accomplished
 - Show me your progress: come to the office hours and demo it, show it over skype, send me a video, etc.
- March 2: Homework 1 due (presentations 1/26 2/28)
- April 11: Homework 2 due (presentations 3/2 4/6)
- April 13-25: in-class presentations of the projects
 - Focus on demo
- April 27: final reports due
- April 30: Homework 3 due (all the project presentation writeups due)

Tegrity issues

- The first preference would be to actually come to the class for your presentation and present your project.
- But you can record your presentation and we will play them in class:
 - Using the Powerpoint record presentation mode.
 - Video tape it.
 - Use the Tegrity recording feature.
 - ... I am open to other technological approaches, e.g. video conferencing.
 - * A challenge is that it needs to retain an accessible Tegrity record.

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