

**COT 3100 Fall 2017 Homework 9**  
**Please Consult WebCourses for the due date/time.**

1) Let  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  be relations on a set  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ .

In particular, let  $R_1 = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$  and  $R_2 = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (1, 3), (2, 4)\}$ .

Determine the following:

- a) Whether or not  $R_1$  is reflexive, irreflexive, symmetric, anti-symmetric and transitive or not.
- b) Whether or not  $R_2$  is reflexive, irreflexive, symmetric, anti-symmetric and transitive or not.
- c) The relation  $R_1 \circ R_2$ .
- d) The relation  $R_2 \circ R_1$ .
- e)  $R_1 \cup R_2$
- f)  $R_1 \cap R_2$
- g) The reflexive, symmetric and transitive closures of both  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ .

2) Let  $R$  be a relation on the set  $Z^+$  defined as follows:

$$R = \{(a, b) \mid \exists c \in \text{Fibonacci such } a + b = c \text{ or } a - b = c\}$$

Let the set Fibonacci be the set of positive integers that are Fibonacci numbers.

Determine (with proof) whether or not  $R$  is reflexive, irreflexive, symmetric, anti-symmetric and transitive or not.

3) Let  $b(n)$  equal the number of bits set to 1 in the binary representation of the positive integer  $n$ . Prove that the relation,  $R$ , defined below over the set of positive integers in between 1 and 1024, inclusive, is an equivalence relation. Into how many equivalence classes does  $R$  partition the set described? Explicitly list all of the members of the following equivalence classes:  $[2]$  and  $[520]$ . Let the set  $X$  be the largest of the equivalence classes. What is the smallest integer that belongs to  $X$ ?

$$R = \{(x, y) \mid b(x) = b(y)\}$$

4) Let  $R$  be a relation on the set  $Z^+$  defined as follows:

$$R = \{(a, b) \mid |a - b| \leq 3\}$$

Determine (with proof) whether or not  $R$  is reflexive, irreflexive, symmetric, anti-symmetric and transitive or not.

5) How many anti-symmetric relations on the set  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$  contain the ordered pairs  $(2, 3)$ ,  $(3, 3)$  and  $(6, 6)$ ?

6) Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 35$  with a domain of all real  $x \in [-\infty, -1]$ . Prove that  $f$  is injective. What is the range of  $f$ ? (You may either use Calculus or complete the square to prove your answers.)

7) Find  $f^{-1}(x)$  for the function given in question #6.

8) Let  $A$  be a set of 12 elements and  $B$  be a set of 20 elements. How many functions can be defined with the domain of  $A$  and the co-domain of  $B$ ?

9) Let  $f(x) = 5x^2 + 2x - 7$  and  $g(x) = 3x + 4$ . Determine  $f(g(x))$  and  $g(f(x))$ .

10) Let  $f(x) = 2x + 3$ . Let  $f^n(x)$  to be the function  $f$  composed with itself  $n$  times. (For example,  $f^3(x) = f(f(f(x)))$ .) Using trial and error, conjecture a guess for  $f^n(x)$  and use mathematical induction to prove that guess.

11) Give a summary of the life and mathematical contributions of Leonard Euler. Please aim for a length of roughly 200 - 400 words. **Your summary must be typed.** Please state the sources you used in writing your summary.