

Fall 2024 CIS 3362 Homework #6: Public Key Encryption
Check WebCourses for the due date

1) (10 pts) In the Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, let the public keys be $p = 67$, $g = 13$, and the secret keys be $a = 28$ and $b = 51$, where a is Alice's secret key and b is Bob's secret key. What value does Alice send Bob? What value does Bob send Alice? What is the secret key they share? Use a program or calculator to quickly simplify the modular exponentiations that arise, but show what each calculation is.

2) (10 pts) In an RSA scheme, $p = 31$, $q = 23$ and $e = 139$. What is d ? Show the work by hand, but for any complicated calculation, do it on a calculator or use a program. (So, show each step of the Extended Euclidean Algorithm, but feel free to use a calculator to quickly get quotients and remainders.)

3) (50 pts) The following message was encrypted via RSA encryption. The public keys are as follows:

$n = 576025912082114341909169$
 $e = 395065083027011624330977$

Each integer in the ciphertext corresponds to a plaintext of 16 letters. This ciphertext was generated by the program `rsa3.py`. You may use any of the posted code as necessary to decrypt the message. In your write up, describe in detail what steps you took and which code (if you used any of the posted code) you used, or how you adapted it. Turn in attachments of any original code you wrote or anything that had non-trivial adaptations of the code posted for the class. Here is the ciphertext:

488798928261625380184161
533946500611718831345802
411942882720703143384960
20068354290376977207914
252864055600177840617225
144565738643838496733483
98121155489099542089269
377474600037914621137040

4) (30 pts) The following ciphertext below was created with the El Gamal cryptosystem with the following public elements:

$q = 310000037$ (prime)

$g = 52216224$ (primitive root)

$Y_a = 32298658$ (Alice's public exponent)

You also know that the plaintext was written in all lowercase letters and split into blocks of 6 characters and the value of each 6 character block is simply equal to its base 26 equivalent, treating $A = 0, B = 1, \dots, Z = 25$.

Use this information to decrypt the following ciphertext: (Note: This will also be given to you in a text file, for ease of processing and as mentioned, each line represents the encryption of one block of 6 characters.)

```
56495539 72767212
62083516 76971521
181398440 263421160
149867850 72743477
14826439 190288780
113953407 197793189
117331466 185360595
291767686 140312582
97578813 288144131
66782213 277003739
189849901 192777619
147582903 21503450
154299245 242826784
86211909 200694188
31309028 293758361
21217580 3535169
79019712 49185229
213930082 159557439
73624006 229408211
292736574 18644176
237123292 168250610
38995570 306955959
199390530 176530325
226189829 196581913
195038651 170658203
```

Good Luck!