

COP 3502 4/9/26

Plan for today

Code up all 3 techniques:

1) linear probing

2) quadratic probing

3) separate chaining hashing

to solve the same kettis problems:

Shiritori

1 method to eval a polynomial

$$(3x^4 + 2x^3 + 0x^2 + 1x + 4) \% M$$

$c[0]$ $c[1]$ $c[2]$ $c[3]$ $c[4]$

int res = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)


n [5]

res = (x * res + c[i]) % M

Store string in base 27

A=1, B=2, ... Z=26

Problem w/ linear probing is clustering

 all filled increases probability of a hit
in this cluster

Indexes we try
orig idx is x .

x
 $(x+1) \% M$
 $(x+4) \% M$
 $(x+9) \% M$
 $(x+16) \% M$
...

In code
 $i = 1$
while () {

$x += i$
 $i += 2$;

$x \rightarrow x+1 \rightarrow x+4 \rightarrow x+9$
 $i \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 7$

Linear Chaining Hashing

