

Problem 1 (20 pts)

Solve the following system of equations using the Gauss Jordan Elimination Method.

$$\begin{array}{rccccrcr} a & + & b & + & c & + & d & = & 0 \\ 2a & - & b & - & c & + & d & = & 3 \\ a & + & 3b & + & 2c & - & 4d & = & -1 \\ 5a & + & 2b & - & 2c & + & d & = & 7 \end{array}$$

Work Area

$$(A|b) = \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & -4 & -1 \\ 5 & 2 & -2 & 1 & 7 \end{array} \right] \approx \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & -3 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -5 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & -7 & -4 & 7 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -5 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & -7 & -4 & 7 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -17/3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & -3 & 4 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 17/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & -3 & 4 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 17/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 59/3 & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 17/3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

Problem 2 (25 pts)

Consider the following system of equations:

$$\begin{array}{rcccccc} u & + & v & + & w & & & = & 2 \\ 2u & - & v & & & - & 3x & - & 3y & = & 1 \\ u & - & 2v & + & 3w & - & 3x & - & 3y & = & -1 \\ u & & & + & w & - & x & - & y & = & 1 \\ 3u & + & v & + & 5w & - & 2x & - & 2y & = & 4 \end{array}$$

- A) Show the equations are consistent by transforming the augmented matrix $(A|b)$ into its Echelon Form by performing a sequence of elementary row operations.
- B) There are 2 arbitrary unknowns. Explain why.
- C) Without solving for a solution determine if x and y are both arbitrary.
- D) Repeat Part C) for x and w .
- E) What conclusion can be drawn from the results of Part C) and D)?

A)

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & -3 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 & -3 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 & -2 & -2 & 4 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 & -3 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & 2 & -3 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 & -2 & -2 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

Augmented Matrix

$$\sim \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 2 & -3 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 & -3 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 & -2 & -2 & -2 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} u & v & w & x & y & \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

B) Number of arbitrary unknowns = $5 - 3 = 2$

C) $\begin{array}{c} u \quad v \quad w \\ \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right| = 1 \end{array}$
 x & y arbitrary

D) $\left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right| = 0$
 x & w not arbitrary

E) w is not arbitrary

Problem 3 (25 pts)

Find the value(s) of K in the system of equations below which result in an infinite number of solutions. Use only methods discussed in class.

$$\begin{array}{rcccccc} x_1 & + & 4x_2 & + & 7x_3 & = & -5 \\ x_1 & + & x_2 & + & x_3 & = & 1 \\ 2x_1 & + & 3x_2 & + & 4x_3 & = & 0 \\ x_1 & - & x_2 & + & Kx_3 & = & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 7 & -5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & K & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 7 & -5 \\ 0 & -3 & -6 & 6 \\ 0 & -5 & -10 & 10 \\ 0 & -5 & K-7 & 5 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 7 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -5 & K-7 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 7 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & K+3 & -5 \end{array} \right]$$

There ~~will~~ ^{cannot} be an infinite number of solutions. If $K+3=0$

$$K = -3$$

\Rightarrow Equations inconsistent

check

Problem 4 (30 pts)

Consider the system of equations $A\mathbf{x}=\mathbf{b}$ below.

1. Find the inverse of A and the solution $\mathbf{x}=\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{b}$.
2. Perform two iterations of the Gauss-Seidel method and compute the true errors in x, y and z, i.e. $(E_T)_x$, $(E_T)_y$ and $(E_T)_z$ at the end of the second iteration. Start with an initial guess of $x_0 = y_0 = z_0 = 1$.

$$\begin{array}{rcccccc} 5x & + & y & + & z & = & 45 \\ x & + & 5y & + & z & = & 25 \\ -x & + & y & + & 5z & = & -55 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1. \\ \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 5 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -24 & -4 & 1 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2. \\ \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1/6 & 1/6 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 & 1 & -1 & 4 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1/6 & 1/6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/20 & -1/20 & 1/5 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2. \\ \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & 0 & -1/20 & 21/20 & -1/5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/20 & 13/60 & -1/30 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/20 & -1/20 & 1/5 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/5 & -1/30 & -1/30 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/20 & 13/60 & -1/30 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/20 & -1/20 & 1/5 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{b} = \frac{1}{60} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & -2 & -2 \\ -3 & 13 & -2 \\ 3 & -3 & 12 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 45 \\ 25 \\ -55 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{60} \begin{bmatrix} 600 \\ 300 \\ -600 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 5 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

(over)

$$2. \quad x = 9 - \frac{1}{5}y - \frac{1}{5}z$$

$$y = 5 - \frac{1}{5}x - \frac{1}{5}z$$

$$z = -11 + \frac{1}{5}x - \frac{1}{5}y$$

$$x_0 = y_0 = z_0 = 1$$

$$x_1 = 9 - \frac{1}{5}y_0 - \frac{1}{5}z_0 = 9 - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{43}{5} \quad (8.6)$$

$$y_1 = 5 - \frac{1}{5}x_1 - \frac{1}{5}z_0 = 5 - \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{43}{5}\right) - \frac{1}{5}(1) = \frac{77}{25} \quad (3.08)$$

$$z_1 = -11 + \frac{1}{5}x_1 - \frac{1}{5}y_1 = -11 + \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{43}{5}\right) - \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{77}{25}\right) = \frac{-1237}{125} \quad (-9.896)$$

$$x_2 = 9 - \frac{1}{5}y_1 - \frac{1}{5}z_1 = 9 - \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{77}{25}\right) - \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{-1237}{125}\right) = \frac{6477}{625} \quad (10.3632)$$

$$y_2 = 5 - \frac{1}{5}x_2 - \frac{1}{5}z_1 = 5 - \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{6477}{625}\right) - \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{-1237}{125}\right) = \frac{15333}{3125} \quad (4.90656)$$

$$z_2 = -11 + \frac{1}{5}x_2 - \frac{1}{5}y_2 = -11 + \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{6477}{625}\right) - \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{15333}{3125}\right) = \frac{-154823}{15625}$$

$$(-9.908672)$$

$$(E_T)_x = 10 - (10.3632) \\ = -0.3632$$

$$(E_T)_y = 5 - 4.90656 \\ = 0.09344$$

$$(E_T)_z = -10 - (-9.908672) \\ = -0.091328$$