

a b c  
1, 1, 2, 3, 5

PROBLEM: MAKE THE EXACT SAME RECURSIVE CALL MULTIPLE TIMES!!!

SOLUTION: ADD MEMORY

- Memorization
- (a) anticipate each unique recursive call
  - (b) build storage to hold the answers to each of those calls (array, hashmap)
  - (c) when we finish an answer store it before we return
  - (d) in base case, if we've done it before return the stored answer (memoized)

$fib[n]$  depends on  $fib[n-1]$ ,  $fib[n-2]$

Why not fill out my storage in order so that all lookups are already in table?

\* build loop going up

\* seed table w/2 base cases

longest common subsequence

input: 2 strings

output: length of the LCS of both strings

s1: GACTTAGACGATA

s2: ACGATACAGGACTA

if  $s1[n-1] == s2[m-1]$   
return  $1 + lcs(s1[0..n-2], s2[0..m-2])$

else  
return  $\max(lcs(s1[0..n-2], s2[0..m-1]), lcs(s1[0..n-1], s2[0..m-2]))$

$dp[0][0] = lcs(0 \text{ letters } s1, 0 \text{ letter } s2)$

$dp[n][m] = lcs(n \text{ letters } s1, m \text{ letter } s2)$

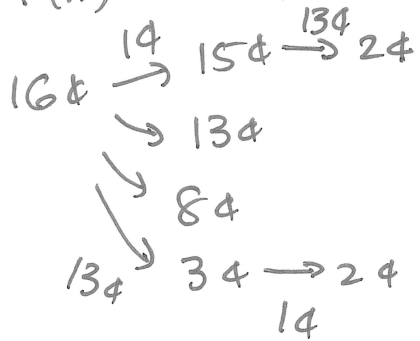
		G	A	C	T	T	A
A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C	0	0	1	2	2	2	2
G	0	1	1	2	2	2	2
A	0	1	2	2	2	2	3
T	0	1	2	2	3	3	3

# Change Problem

1¢, 3¢, 8¢, 13¢

make change for 16¢. How many ways can I do it  
order you receive coins doesn't matter.

$f(n)$  → 1 param



ans to # ways make change  
when each diff order of coin  
counts differently

fib like dp/memo

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If you don't want to count different orders,  
then only count "sorted sets"

$f(n, d)$  = # ways to make change for  $n$   
cents using denomination  $d$  or lower

$$f(16, 13¢) = \underbrace{f(15, 1¢)}_{\text{give penny}} + \underbrace{f(13, 3¢)}_{\text{give 3¢}} + \underbrace{f(8, 8¢)}_{\text{give 8¢}} + \underbrace{f(3, 13¢)}_{\text{give 13¢}}$$

$$= f(16, 8¢) + \underbrace{f(3, 13¢)}_{\text{give 1 13¢ coin}}$$

# CSES Prob

idx		0	1	2	...	n
0	1	1	0	0	...	1's in mult of smallest den
1	2	1				
2	6	1				
3	8	1				

$\uparrow$   
 den

$$dp(n, k) = dp(n, k-1) + dp(n - den[k], k)$$

1	1	1	1	1
1	<del>0</del>	1	2	3
1	1	2	<del>3</del>	3
1	2	4	4	7

Grid Path