

1) $y = 100 - x$

$$\frac{x(x-1) + (100-x)(99-x)}{100 \times 99} = \frac{19}{33}$$

$$x^2 - x + 9900 - 199x + x^2 = \frac{19 \times 100 \times 99}{33}$$

$$2x^2 - 200x + 9900 = 5700$$

$$2x^2 - 200x + 4200 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 100x + 2100 = 0$$

$$(x - 30)(x - 70) = 0$$

$$x = 30 \text{ or } x = 70$$

$$|70 - 30| = 40$$

2) $f(x) = 28x + 33 \pmod{65}$
 $x = 28y + 33 \pmod{65}$
 $7(28y) = 7(x - 33) \pmod{65}$
 $y = (7x - 231) \pmod{65}$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 7x + 29 \pmod{65}$$

$$28^{-1} \pmod{65}$$

$$65 = 2 \times 28 + 9$$

$$28 = 3 \times 9 + 1$$

$$28 - 3 \times 9 = 1$$

$$28 - 3(65 - 2 \times 28) = 1$$

$$28 - 3 \times 65 + 6 \times 28 = 1$$

$$7 \times 28 - 3 \times 65 = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 65 \\ 4 \\ \hline 260 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33 \\ 7 \\ \hline 231 \end{array}$$

3) Input = $\frac{0}{1} \frac{1}{2} \frac{0}{3} \frac{0}{4} \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{8} \frac{0}{9} \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{11} \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{13} \frac{0}{14} \frac{0}{15} \frac{1}{16}$

$\frac{0}{14}$	$\frac{0}{9}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{0}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{0}{1}$	$\frac{1}{11}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{0}{15}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{0}{4}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{13}$
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2DEB

4) $03 \times B6$

$B6 = 10110110$

$02 \times B6 = \begin{array}{r} 101101100 \\ \oplus \quad \quad 11011 \end{array}$

$02 \times B6 \quad 01110111$
 $01 \times B6 \quad \oplus 10110110$

$03 \times B6 \quad \begin{array}{r} 11000001 \\ \hline \end{array}$
C1

5) Generator $3 \bmod 7$

$\boxed{3, 2, 6, 4, 5, 1}$
 $2, 4 \quad \boxed{1} \quad 2, 4, 1$

g^x is a half-gen
iff $\gcd(x, p-1) = 2$

$\gcd\left(\frac{x}{2}, \frac{p-1}{2}\right) = 1$

values of $\frac{x}{2}$ share
a gcd of 1 w/ $\frac{p-1}{2}$ is
 $\phi\left(\frac{p-1}{2}\right)$

$$7) \quad \lambda = \frac{7-13}{35-24} = \frac{-6}{11} = (-6) \cdot (11^{-1} \bmod 47) \quad \begin{matrix} \text{Pt } (24, 13) \text{ P} \\ \text{Pt } (35, 7) \text{ Q} \\ \text{47) } E_{47}(10, 17). \end{matrix}$$

$$47 = 4 \times 11 + 3$$

$$11 = 3 \times 3 + 2$$

$$3 = 1 \times 2 + 1$$

$$3 - 1 \times 2 = 1$$

$$3 - (11 - 3 \times 3) = 1$$

$$4 \times 3 - 11 = 1$$

$$4(47 - 4 \times 11) - 11 = 1$$

$$4 \times 47 - 16 \times 11 - 1 \times 11 = 1$$

$$4 \times 47 - 17 \times 11 = 1$$

$$11^{-1} \equiv -17 \pmod{47}$$

$$R = (5, 45)$$

$$\lambda = (-6)(-17) \bmod 47$$

$$= 102 \bmod 47$$

$$= 8$$

$$x_R = (\lambda^2 - x_P - x_Q) \bmod 47$$

$$= 64 - 24 - 35 \bmod 47$$

$$= \boxed{5}$$

$$y_R = (\lambda(x_P - x_R) - y_P) \bmod 47$$

$$= 8(24 - 5) - 13 \bmod 47$$

$$= 8 \times 19 - 13$$

$$= 152 - 13$$

$$= 139$$

$$= \boxed{45}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 139 \\ -94 \\ \hline 45 \end{array}$$

Side note:

P 1. (7, 12)

2P 2. (3, 10)

3P 3. ...

⋮

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20. Origin

21. (7, 12)

⋮

$$(18, 3) + (12, 11)$$

⋮

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$$\underline{13^{\text{th}} + 15^{\text{th}}} = 28^{\text{th}}$$

$$28 \bmod 20$$

$$\Rightarrow 8^{\text{th}} \neq$$

8) Sample Space = 12^4 How many
Jan Jan Mar Mar } Strings have 2 + 2

$\binom{12}{2}$: Choose 2 months out of 12
 $\times \binom{4}{2}$: Choose 2 slots out of 4 for Jan

$$\frac{\frac{12 \times 11}{2} \times 3}{12^4} = \frac{12 \times 11 \times 3}{12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12} = \boxed{\frac{11}{576}}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 144 \\ 4 \\ \hline 576 \end{array}$$