



CDA 5106 Advanced Computer Architecture 1

Module 3 | Instruction-Level Parallelism

## In This Module

- Dynamic Scheduling
- Scoreboard Method
- Tomasulo's Algorithm

## Advantages of Dynamic Scheduling

- Handles cases when dependences unknown at compile time
  - (e.g., because they may involve a memory reference)
- It simplifies the compiler
- Allows code that compiled for one pipeline to run efficiently on a different pipeline
- Hardware speculation, a technique with significant performance advantages, that builds on dynamic scheduling

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## HW Schemes: Instruction Parallelism

- Key idea: Allow instructions behind stall to proceed

```
DIVD  F0, F2, F4
ADDD  F10, F0, F8
SUBD  F12, F8, F14
```
- Enables *out-of-order execution* and allows *out-of-order completion*
- Will distinguish when an instruction *begins execution* and when it *completes execution*; between 2 times, the instruction is *in execution*
- In a dynamically scheduled pipeline, all instructions pass through issue stage in order (*in-order issue*)

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## Overview

- Two schemes for implementing dynamic scheduling:
  - Scoreboarding from the 1964 CDC 6600 computer, and
  - Tomasulo's Algorithm, as implemented for the FP unit of the IBM 360/91 in 1966
- Since scoreboarding is a little closer to in-order execution, we'll look at it first

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## Dynamic Scheduling Step 1

- Simple pipeline had 1 stage to check both structural and data hazards: Instruction Decode (ID), also called *Instruction Issue*
- Split the ID pipe stage of simple 5-stage pipeline into 2 stages:
  - *Issue*—Decode instructions, check for structural hazards
  - *Read operands*—Wait until no data hazards, then read operands

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## Scoreboarding

- Instructions pass through the **issue stage** in order
- Instructions can be stalled or bypass each other in the **read operands stage** and enter execution out of order
- **Scoreboarding** allows instructions to execute out of order when there are sufficient resources and no data dependencies
- Named after the CDC 6600 scoreboard, which developed this capability

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## Scoreboarding ideas

- Note that WAR and WAW hazards can occur with out-of-order execution
  - Scoreboarding deals with both of these by **stalling the later instruction** involved in the name dependence
- **Scoreboarding** aims to maintain an execution rate of one instruction per cycle when there are no structural hazards
  - Executes instructions **as early as possible**
  - When the next instruction to execute is stalled, other instructions can be issued and executed if they do not depend on any active or stalled instruction

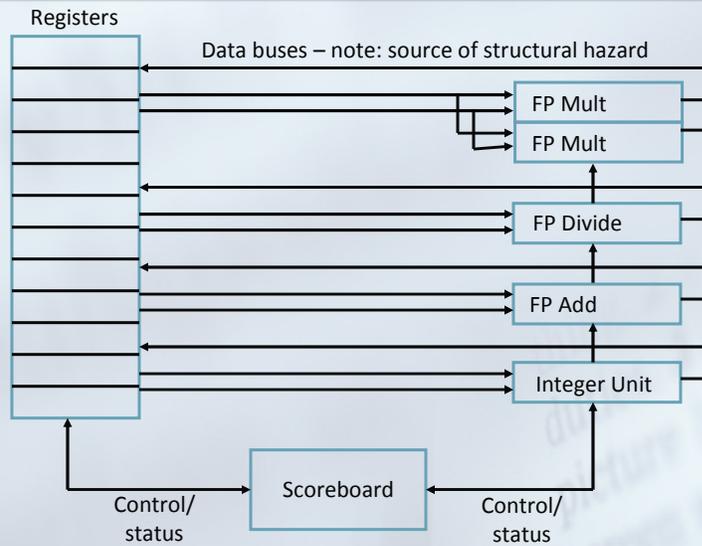
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## Scoreboarding ideas

- Taking advantage of out-of-order execution requires multiple instructions to be in the EX stage simultaneously
  - Achieved with **multiple** functional units, with **pipelined** functional units, or both
- All instructions go through the scoreboard; the scoreboard centralizes control of issue, operand reading, execution and writeback
  - All hazard resolution is centralized in the scoreboard as well

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## A Scoreboard for MIPS



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## Steps in Execution with Scoreboarding

1. **Issue** if a FU for the instruction is free and no other active instruction has the same destination register
  - Thus avoids structural and WAW hazards
  - Stalls subsequent fetches when stalled
2. **Read operands** when all source operands are available
  - Note: forwarding not used
  - A source operand is available if no earlier issued active instruction is going to write it
  - Thus resolves RAW hazards dynamically
  - Fill IF-ID instruction buffer, if previous instruction(s) is stalled
3. **Execution** begins when the FU receives its operands; scoreboard notified when execution completes
4. **Write result** after WAR hazards have been resolved

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## Steps in Execution with Scoreboarding

### Example:

- Consider the code:  
DIV.D F0, F2, F4  
ADD.D F10, F0, F8  
SUB.D F8, F8, F14
- The ADD.D cannot proceed to read operands until DIV.D completes; SUB.D can execute but not write back until ADD.D has read F8 (WAR).

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## Scoreboarding details

3 parts to scoreboard:

1. Instruction status
  - Indicates which of the 4 steps an instruction is in
2. Functional unit status (9 fields)
  - Busy – is the FU busy or not
  - Op – the operation to be performed
  - Fi – destination register
  - Fj, Fk – source register numbers
  - Qj, Qk – FU producing source registers Fj, Fk
  - Rj, Rk – flags indicating when Fj, Fk are ready – set to “No” after operands read
3. Register result status
  - Indicates which functional unit will write each register
  - Left blank if not the destination of an active instruction

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## Scoreboard Example: partially progressed comp.

		Instruction status			
Instruction		Issue	Read operands	Execution complete	Write result
L.D	F6,34(R2)	√	√	√	√
L.D	F2,45(R3)	√	√	√	
MUL.D	F0,F2,F4	√			
SUB.D	F8,F6,F2	√			
DIV.D	F10,F0,F6	√			
ADD.D	F6,F8,F2				

Functional unit status									
Name	Busy	Op	Fi	Fj	Fk	Qj	Qk	Rj	Rk
Integer	Yes	Load	F2	R3				No	
Mult1	Yes	Mult	F0	F2	F4	Integer		No	Yes
Mult2	No								
Add	Yes	Sub	F8	F6	F2		Integer	Yes	No
Divide	Yes	Div	F10	F0	F6	Mult1		No	Yes

Register result status									
	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
FU	Mult1	Integer			Add	Divide			

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## Scoreboard example continued

(2 cyc for +, 10 cyc for \*, 40 cyc for /)

Instruction		Instruction status			
		Issue	Read operands	Execution complete	Write result
L.D	F6,34(R2)	√	√	√	√
L.D	F2,45(R3)	√	√	√	√
MUL.D	F0,F2,F4	√	√	√	
SUB.D	F8,F6,F2	√	√	√	√
DIV.D	F10,F0,F6	√			
ADD.D	F6,F8,F2	√	√	√	

Functional unit status									
Name	Busy	Op	Fi	Fj	Fk	Qj	Qk	Rj	Rk
Integer	No								
Mult1	Yes	Mult	F0	F2	F4			No	No
Mult2	No								
Add	Yes	Add	F6	F8	F2			No	No
Divide	Yes	Div	F10	F0	F6	Mult1		No	Yes

Register result status									
	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
FU	Mult 1			Add		Divide			

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## Scoreboard bookkeeping

Instruction status	Wait until	Bookkeeping
Issue	Not Busy[FU] and not Result[D]	Busy[FU] ← yes; Op[FU] ← op; Fi[FU] ← D; Fj[FU] ← S1; Fk[FU] ← S2; Qj ← Result[S1]; Qk ← Result[S2]; Rj ← not Qj; Rk ← not Qk; Result[D] ← FU;
Read operands	Rj and Rk	Rj ← No; Rk ← No; Qj ← 0; Qk ← 0;
Execution complete	Functional unit done	
Write result	$\forall f((Fj[f] \neq Fi[FU] \text{ or } Rj[f] = \text{No}) \& (Fk[f] \neq Fi[FU] \text{ or } Rk[f] = \text{No}))$	$\forall f(\text{if } Qj[f] = \text{FU then } Rj[f] \leftarrow \text{Yes};$ $\forall f(\text{if } Qk[f] = \text{FU then } Rk[f] \leftarrow \text{Yes};$ Result[Fi[FU]] ← 0; Busy[FU] ← No;

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## Scoreboarding assessment

- 1.7 improvement for FORTRAN and 2.5 for hand-coded assembly on CDC 6600
  - Before semiconductor main memory or caches
- On the CDC 6600 required about as much logic as a functional unit – quite low
- Large number of buses needed – however, since we want to issue multiple instructions per clock more wires are needed in any case

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## Limits to Scoreboarding

- A scoreboard uses available ILP to minimize the number of stalls due to true data dependencies.
- Scoreboarding is constrained in achieving this goal by:
  - Available parallelism – determines whether independent instructions can be found
  - The number of scoreboard entries – limits how far ahead we can look
  - The number and types of functional units – contributes to structural stalls
  - The presence of antidependences and output dependences which lead to WAR and WAW hazards

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## Infosessions

- 64-bit computing
  - Benefits
  - Uses
  - Benchmarks vs. 32-bit

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## A more sophisticated approach: Tomasulo's Algorithm

- For IBM 360/91 (before caches)
- Goal: High Performance without special compilers
- Small number of floating point registers (4 in 360) prevented interesting compiler scheduling of operations
  - This led Tomasulo to try to figure out how to get more effective registers — [renaming in hardware](#)
- Why Study 1966 Computer?
- The descendants of this have flourished
  - Alpha 21264, HP 8000, MIPS 10000, Pentium III, PowerPC 604

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## IBM System/360 Model 91

- Used by NASA
- [http://www-03.ibm.com/ibm/history/exhibits/mainframe/mainframe\\_PP2091.html](http://www-03.ibm.com/ibm/history/exhibits/mainframe/mainframe_PP2091.html)



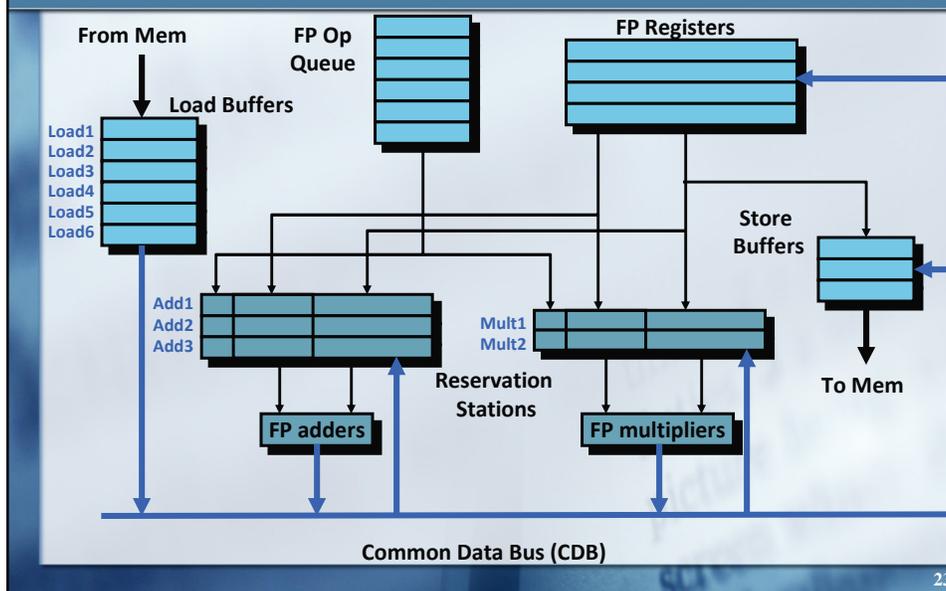
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## Tomasulo's Algorithm

- Control & buffers **distributed** with Functional Units (FU)
  - FU buffers called **reservation stations**; have pending operands
- Registers in instructions replaced by values or pointers to reservation stations (RS); called **register renaming**;
  - Avoids WAR, WAW hazards
  - More reservation stations than registers, so can do what optimizing compilers can't
- Results to FU from RS, **not through registers**, over **Common Data Bus (CDB)** that broadcasts results to all FUs
- Load and Stores treated as FUs with RSs as well
- Integer instructions can go past branches, allowing FP ops beyond basic block in FP queue

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## Tomasulo's Organization



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## Reservation Station Components

**Op:** Operation to perform in the unit (e.g., ADD)

**V<sub>j</sub>, V<sub>k</sub>:** Value of Source operands

- Store buffers has V field, result to be stored

**Q<sub>j</sub>, Q<sub>k</sub>:** Reservation stations producing source registers (value to be written)

- Note: Q<sub>j</sub>, Q<sub>k</sub>=0 => ready
- Store buffers only have Q<sub>i</sub> for RS producing result

**Busy:** Indicates reservation station or FU is busy

**Register result status**—Indicates which functional unit will write each register, if one exists. Blank when no pending instructions that will write that register.

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## Three stages of Tomasulo's Algorithm

- 1. Issue**—get instruction from FP Op Queue  
If reservation station free (no structural hazard), control issues instr & sends operands (renames registers).
- 2. Execute**—operate on operands (EX)  
When both operands ready then execute;  
if not ready, watch Common Data Bus for result
- 3. Write result**—finish execution (WB)  
Write on Common Data Bus to all awaiting units;  
mark reservation station available
  - Normal data bus: data + destination (“go to” bus)
  - Common data bus: data + source (“come from” bus)
    - 64 bits of data + 4 bits of Functional Unit source address
    - Write if matches expected Functional Unit (produces result)
    - Does the broadcast

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## Example – Tomasulo's Algorithm

- Example speed: 2 clocks for FP + -; 10 for \* ; 40 for /

```
L.D    F6, 34(R2)
L.D    F2, 45(R3)
MUL.D  F0, F2, F4
SUB.D  F8, F2, F6
DIV.D  F10, F0, F6
ADD.D  F6, F8, F2
```

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# Tomasulo Example

## Instruction stream

### Instruction status:

Instruction	<i>j</i>	<i>k</i>	Issue	Exec	Write
				Comp	Result
LD	F6	34+	R2		
LD	F2	45+	R3		
MULTD	F0	F2	F4		
SUBD	F8	F6	F2		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6		
ADDD	F6	F8	F2		

	Busy	Address
Load1	No	
Load2	No	
Load3	No	

3 Load/Buffers

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	<i>S1</i>	<i>S2</i>	<i>RS</i>	<i>RS</i>
				<i>Vj</i>	<i>Vk</i>	<i>Qj</i>	<i>Qk</i>
	Add1	No					
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
	Mult1	No					
	Mult2	No					

FU count down

3 FP Adder R.S.  
2 FP Mult R.S.

### Register result status:

Clock	<i>F0</i>	<i>F2</i>	<i>F4</i>	<i>F6</i>	<i>F8</i>	<i>F10</i>	<i>F12</i>	...	<i>F30</i>
0	FU								

Clock cycle counter

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# Tomasulo Example Cycle 1

## Instruction status:

Instruction	<i>j</i>	<i>k</i>	Issue	Exec	Write
				Comp	Result
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	
LD	F2	45+	R3		
MULTD	F0	F2	F4		
SUBD	F8	F6	F2		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6		
ADDD	F6	F8	F2		

	Busy	Address
Load1	Yes	34+R2
Load2	No	
Load3	No	

## Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	<i>S1</i>	<i>S2</i>	<i>RS</i>	<i>RS</i>
				<i>Vj</i>	<i>Vk</i>	<i>Qj</i>	<i>Qk</i>
	Add1	No					
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
	Mult1	No					
	Mult2	No					

## Register result status:

Clock	<i>F0</i>	<i>F2</i>	<i>F4</i>	<i>F6</i>	<i>F8</i>	<i>F10</i>	<i>F12</i>	...	<i>F30</i>
1	FU								
				Load1					

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 2

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Exec		Write	Busy	Address
			Issue	Comp Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1		Yes	34+R2
LD	F2	45+	R3	2		Yes	45+R3
MULTD	F0	F2	F4			No	
SUBD	F8	F6	F2				
DIVD	F10	F0	F6				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2				

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
Add1		No					
Add2		No					
Add3		No					
Mult1		No					
Mult2		No					

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
2		Load2							Load1

Note: Can have multiple loads outstanding

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 3

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Exec		Write	Busy	Address
			Issue	Comp Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	Yes	34+R2
LD	F2	45+	R3	2		Yes	45+R3
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3		No	
SUBD	F8	F6	F2				
DIVD	F10	F0	F6				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2				

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
Add1		No					
Add2		No					
Add3		No					
Mult1		Yes	MULTD		R(F4)	Load2	
Mult2		No					

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
3			Mult1	Load2					Load1

- Note: registers names are removed ("renamed") in Reservation Stations
- MULT issued; Load1 completing; what is waiting for Load1?

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 4

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec		Write	Load	Address
				Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4		Load2	Yes 45+R3
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4				
DIVD	F10	F0	F6					
ADDD	F6	F8	F2					

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1 Vj	S2 Vk	RS Qj	RS Qk
	Add1	Yes	SUBD	M(A1)			Load2
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
	Mult1	Yes	MULTD		R(F4)		Load2
	Mult2	No					

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
4									
FU	Mult1	Load2		M(A1)	Add1				

- Load2 completing; what is waiting for Load2?

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 5

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec		Write	Load	Address
				Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4				
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2					

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1 Vj	S2 Vk	RS Qj	RS Qk
2	Add1	Yes	SUBD	M(A1)	M(A2)		
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
10	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD		M(A1)		Mult1

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
5									
FU	Mult1	M(A2)		M(A1)	Add1	Mult2			

- Timer starts down for Add1, Mult1

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 6

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec		Write	Busy	Address
				Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4				
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6				

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1		S2		RS		RS	
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk				
1	Add1	Yes	SUBD	M(A1)	M(A2)						
	Add2	Yes	ADDD		M(A2)	Add1					
	Add3	No									
9	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)						
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD		M(A1)	Mult1					

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
6									
	FU	Mult1	M(A2)		Add2	Add1	Mult2		

- Issue ADDD here despite name dependency on F6?

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 7

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec		Write	Busy	Address
				Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4				
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6				

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1		S2		RS		RS	
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk				
0	Add1	Yes	SUBD	M(A1)	M(A2)						
	Add2	Yes	ADDD		M(A2)	Add1					
	Add3	No									
8	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)						
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD		M(A1)	Mult1					

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
7									
	FU	Mult1	M(A2)		Add2	Add1	Mult2		

- Add1 (SUBD) completing; what is waiting for it?

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 8

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	R2	Exec Write			Busy	Address
				Issue	Comp	Result		
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6				

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1 Vj	S2 Vk	RS Qj	RS Qk
1	Add1	No					
2	Add2	Yes	ADDD	(M-M)	M(A2)		
3	Add3	No					
7	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
8	Mult2	Yes	DIVD		M(A1)	Mult1	

### Register result status:

Clock		F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
8	FU	Mult1	M(A2)		Add2	(M-M)	Mult2			

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 9

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	R2	Exec Write			Busy	Address
				Issue	Comp	Result		
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6				

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1 Vj	S2 Vk	RS Qj	RS Qk
1	Add1	No					
1	Add2	Yes	ADDD	(M-M)	M(A2)		
2	Add3	No					
6	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
8	Mult2	Yes	DIVD		M(A1)	Mult1	

### Register result status:

Clock		F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
9	FU	Mult1	M(A2)		Add2	(M-M)	Mult2			

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 10

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec		Write	Busy	Address
				Comp	Result	RS		
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10			

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
	Add1	No					
0	Add2	Yes	ADDD	(M-M)	M(A2)		
	Add3	No					
5	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD	M(A1)	Mult1		

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
10	FU	Mult1	M(A2)		Add2	(M-M)	Mult2		

- Add2 (ADDD) completing; what is waiting for it?

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 11

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec		Write	Busy	Address
				Comp	Result	RS		
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
	Add1	No					
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
4	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD	M(A1)	Mult1		

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
11	FU	Mult1	M(A2)	(M-M+M)	(M-M)	Mult2			

- Write result of ADDD here?; All quick instructions complete in this cycle!

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 12

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Address	
			Issue	Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
	Add1	No					
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
3	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD	M(A1)	Mult1		

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
12	FU	Mult1	M(A2)	(M-M+N)	(M-M)	Mult2			

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 13

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Address	
			Issue	Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
	Add1	No					
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
2	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD	M(A1)	Mult1		

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
13	FU	Mult1	M(A2)	(M-M+N)	(M-M)	Mult2			

40

## Tomasulo Example Cycle 14

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec		Write	Busy	Address
				Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3			Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
Add1		No					
Add2		No					
Add3		No					
1	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD		M(A1)	Mult1	

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
14	Mult1	M(A2)		(M-M+V)	(M-M)	Mult2			

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 15

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec		Write	Busy	Address
				Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3	15		Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
Add1		No					
Add2		No					
Add3		No					
0	Mult1	Yes	MULTD	M(A2)	R(F4)		
	Mult2	Yes	DIVD		M(A1)	Mult1	

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
15	Mult1	M(A2)		(M-M+V)	(M-M)	Mult2			

- Mult1 (MULTD) completing; what is waiting for it?

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 16

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Issue	Exec Write		Busy	Address
				Comp	Result		
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3	15	16	Load3
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8	
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5			
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11	

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1 Vj	S2 Vk	RS Qj	RS Qk
	Add1	No					
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
	Mult1	No					
40	Mult2	Yes	DIVD	M*F4	M(A1)		

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
16	FU	M*F4	M(A2)	(M-M+V)	(M-M)	Mult2			

- Just waiting for Mult2 (DIVD) to complete

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Faster than light computation  
(skip a few cycles)

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 55

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Address	
			Issue	Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3	15	16	Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5				
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
	Add1	No					
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
	Mult1	No					
1	Mult2	Yes	DIVD	M*F4	M(A1)		

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
55		M*F4	M(A2)		(M-M+M)	(M-M)	Mult2		

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 56

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Address	
			Issue	Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4	Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5	Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3	15	16	Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8		
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5	56			
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
	Add1	No					
	Add2	No					
	Add3	No					
	Mult1	No					
0	Mult2	Yes	DIVD	M*F4	M(A1)		

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
56		M*F4	M(A2)		(M-M+M)	(M-M)	Mult2		

- Mult2 (DIVD) is completing; what is waiting for it?

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## Tomasulo Example Cycle 57

### Instruction status:

Instruction	j	k	R2	Exec			Write	Busy	Address
				Issue	Comp	Result			
LD	F6	34+	R2	1	3	4		Load1	No
LD	F2	45+	R3	2	4	5		Load2	No
MULTD	F0	F2	F4	3	15	16		Load3	No
SUBD	F8	F6	F2	4	7	8			
DIVD	F10	F0	F6	5	56	57			
ADDD	F6	F8	F2	6	10	11			

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	S1	S2	RS	RS
				Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk
Add1		No					
Add2		No					
Add3		No					
Mult1		No					
Mult2	Yes		DIVD	M*F4	M(A1)		

### Register result status:

Clock	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
56		M*F4	M(A2)		(M-M+M)	(M-M)	Result		

- Once again: In-order issue, out-of-order execution and out-of-order completion.

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## Tomasulo Drawbacks

- Complexity
  - Delays of 360/91, MIPS 10000, Alpha 21264, IBM PPC 620
- Many associative stores (CDB) at high speed
- Performance limited by Common Data Bus
  - Each CDB must go to multiple functional units
    - ⇒ high capacitance, high wiring density
  - Number of functional units that can complete per cycle limited to one
    - Multiple CDBs ⇒ more FU logic for parallel assoc stores
- Non-precise interrupts
  - We will address this later

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## Tomasulo Loop Example

```

Loop: LD      F0, 0(R1)
      MULTD   F4, F0, F2
      SD      F4, 0(R1)
      SUBI    R1, R1, #8
      BNEZ    R1, Loop
    
```

This time assume Multiply takes 4 clocks

- Assume 1st load takes 8 clocks (L1 cache miss), 2nd load takes 1 clock (hit)
- To be clear, will show clocks for SUBI, BNEZ
  - Reality: integer instructions ahead of FP Instructions
- Show 2 iterations

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## Loop Example

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write		Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	CompResult			
1	LD	F0	0	R1		No		
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2		No		
1	SD	F4	0	R1		No		
2	LD	F0	0	R1		No		
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2		No		
2	SD	F4	0	R1		No		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	S1 S2 RS		Code:
						Qj	Qk	
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
	Mult1	No						SUBI R1 R1 #8
	Mult2	No						BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
0	80	Fu								

Value of Register used for address, iteration control

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## Loop Example Cycle 1

**Instruction status:**

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Issue	Comp	Result	Busy	Addr	Fu
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1		Yes	80	
							No		
							No		
							No		
							No		
							No		

**Reservation Stations:**

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	No							SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	No							BNEZ R1 Loop

**Register result status**

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
1	80	Fu	Load1							

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## Loop Example Cycle 2

**Instruction status:**

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Issue	Comp	Result	Busy	Addr	Fu
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1		Yes	80	
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2		No		
							No		
							No		
							No		
							No		

**Reservation Stations:**

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd		R(F2)	Load1			SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	No							BNEZ R1 Loop

**Register result status**

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
2	80	Fu	Load1	Mult1						

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## Loop Example Cycle 3

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Issue	CompResult	Busy	Addr	Fu	
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	Yes	80		
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	No			
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3	No			
						Store1	Yes	80	Mult1
						Store2	No		
						Store3	No		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd				R(F2)	Load1	SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	No							BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
3	80	Fu	Load1	Mult1						

- Implicit renaming sets up data flow graph

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## Loop Example Cycle 4

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Issue	CompResult	Busy	Addr	Fu	
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	Yes	80		
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	No			
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3	No			
						Store1	Yes	80	Mult1
						Store2	No		
						Store3	No		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd				R(F2)	Load1	SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	No							BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
4	80	Fu	Load1	Mult1						

- Dispatching SUBI Instruction (not in FP queue)

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## Loop Example Cycle 5

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1		Yes	80	
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2		No		
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3		No		
							Yes	80	Mult1
							No		
							No		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd				R(F2)	Load1	SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	No							BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
5	72	Fu	Load1	Mult1						

- And, BNEZ instruction (not in FP queue)

55

## Loop Example Cycle 6

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1		Yes	80	
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2		Yes	72	
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3		No		
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6		Yes	80	Mult1
							No		
							No		

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd				R(F2)	Load1	SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	No							BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
6	72	Fu	Load2	Mult1						

- Notice that F0 never sees Load from location 80

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## Loop Example Cycle 7

- Register file completely detached from computation
- First and Second iteration completely overlapped

**Instruction status:**

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Issue	Comp	Result	Busy	Addr	Fu
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1		Load1	Yes 80	
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2		Load2	Yes 72	
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3		Load3	No	
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6		Store1	Yes 80	Mult1
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7		Store2	No	
							Store3	No	

**Reservation Stations:**

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2 ←
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd			R(F2)	Load1		SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	Yes	Multd			R(F2)	Load2		BNEZ R1 Loop

**Register result status**

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
7	72	Fu	Load2	Mult2						

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## Loop Example Cycle 8

**Instruction status:**

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Issue	Comp	Result	Busy	Addr	Fu
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1		Load1	Yes 80	
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2		Load2	Yes 72	
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3		Load3	No	
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6		Store1	Yes 80	Mult1
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7		Store2	Yes 72	Mult2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8		Store3	No	

**Reservation Stations:**

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2 ←
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd			R(F2)	Load1		SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	Yes	Multd			R(F2)	Load2		BNEZ R1 Loop

**Register result status**

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
8	72	Fu	Load2	Mult2						

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## Loop Example Cycle 9

**Instruction status:**

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Issue	Comp	Result	Busy	Addr	Fu
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	Load1	Yes 80	
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2		Load2	Yes 72	
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3		Load3	No	
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6		Store1	Yes 80	Mult1
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7		Store2	Yes 72	Mult2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8		Store3	No	

**Reservation Stations:**

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
	Mult1	Yes	Multd		R(F2)	Load1		SUBI R1 R1 #8 ←
	Mult2	Yes	Multd		R(F2)	Load2		BNEZ R1 Loop

**Register result status**

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
9	72	Fu	Load2	Mult2						

- Load1 completing: who is waiting?; Note: Dispatching SUBI

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## Loop Example Cycle 10

- Load2 completing: who is waiting?
- Note: Dispatching BNEZ

**Instruction status:**

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Issue	Comp	Result	Busy	Addr	Fu
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	Load1	No	
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2		Load2	Yes 72	
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3		Load3	No	
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	Store1	Yes 80	Mult1
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7		Store2	Yes 72	Mult2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8		Store3	No	

**Reservation Stations:**

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
4	Mult1	Yes	Multd	M[80]	R(F2)			SUBI R1 R1 #8 ←
	Mult2	Yes	Multd		R(F2)	Load2		BNEZ R1 Loop

**Register result status**

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
10	64	Fu	Load2	Mult2						

60

## Loop Example Cycle 11

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2			Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3			Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	Yes 80 Mult1
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7			Store2	Yes 72 Mult2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8			Store3	No

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
3	Mult1	Yes	Multd	M[80]	R(F2)			SUBI R1 R1 #8
4	Mult2	Yes	Multd	M[72]	R(F2)			BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
11	64	Fu	Load3	Mult2						

• Next load in sequence

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## Loop Example Cycle 12

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2			Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3			Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	Yes 80 Mult1
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7			Store2	Yes 72 Mult2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8			Store3	No

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
2	Mult1	Yes	Multd	M[80]	R(F2)			SUBI R1 R1 #8
3	Mult2	Yes	Multd	M[72]	R(F2)			BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
12	64	Fu	Load3	Mult2						

• Why not issue third multiply?

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## Loop Example Cycle 13

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2			Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3			Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	Yes 80 Mult1
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7			Store2	Yes 72 Mult2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8			Store3	No

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2 ←
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
1	Mult1	Yes	Multd	M[80]	R(F2)			SUBI R1 R1 #8
2	Mult2	Yes	Multd	M[72]	R(F2)			BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
13	64	Fu	Load3	Mult2						

• Why not issue third store?

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## Loop Example Cycle 14

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	14		Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3			Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	Yes 80 Mult1
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7			Store2	Yes 72 Mult2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8			Store3	No

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2 ←
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
0	Mult1	Yes	Multd	M[80]	R(F2)			SUBI R1 R1 #8
1	Mult2	Yes	Multd	M[72]	R(F2)			BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
14	64	Fu	Load3	Mult2						

• Mult1 completing. Who is waiting?

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## Loop Example Cycle 15

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	14	15	Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3			Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	Yes 80 [80]*R2
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7	15		Store2	Yes 72 Mult2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8			Store3	No

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2 ←
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
	Mult1	No						SUBI R1 R1 #8
0	Mult2	Yes	Multd	M[72]	R(F2)			BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
15	64	Fu	Load3	Mult2						

• Mult2 completing. Who is waiting?

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## Loop Example Cycle 16

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	14	15	Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3			Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	Yes 80 [80]*R2
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7	15	16	Store2	Yes 72 [72]*R2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8			Store3	No

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
	Add1	No						LD F0 0 R1
	Add2	No						MULTD F4 F0 F2 ←
	Add3	No						SD F4 0 R1
4	Mult1	Yes	Multd	R(F2)	Load3			SUBI R1 R1 #8
	Mult2	No						BNEZ R1 Loop

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
16	64	Fu	Load3	Mult1						

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## Loop Example Cycle 17

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	14	15	Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3			Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	Yes 80 [80]*R2
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7	15	16	Store2	Yes 72 [72]*R2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8			Store3	Yes 64 Mult1

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:				
								S1	S2	RS		
Add1	No							LD	F0	0	R1	
Add2	No							MULTD	F4	F0	F2	
Add3	No							SD	F4	0	R1	←
Mult1	Yes	Multd			R(F2)	Load3		SUBI	R1	R1	#8	
Mult2	No							BNEZ	R1	Loop		

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
17	64	Fu	Load3	Mult1						

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## Loop Example Cycle 18

### Instruction status:

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	14	15	Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3	18		Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	Yes 80 [80]*R2
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7	15	16	Store2	Yes 72 [72]*R2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8			Store3	Yes 64 Mult1

### Reservation Stations:

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:				
								S1	S2	RS		
Add1	No							LD	F0	0	R1	
Add2	No							MULTD	F4	F0	F2	
Add3	No							SD	F4	0	R1	
Mult1	Yes	Multd			R(F2)	Load3		SUBI	R1	R1	#8	←
Mult2	No							BNEZ	R1	Loop		

### Register result status

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
18	64	Fu	Load3	Mult1						

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## Loop Example Cycle 19

**Instruction status:**

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	No
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	14	15	Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3	18	19	Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	No
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7	15	16	Store2	Yes 72 [72]*R2
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8	19		Store3	Yes 64 Mult1

**Reservation Stations:**

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd			R(F2)	Load3		SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	No							BNEZ R1 Loop

**Register result status**

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
19	56	Fu	Load3	Mult1						

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## Loop Example Cycle 20

**Instruction status:**

ITER	Instruction	j	k	Exec Write			Busy	Addr	Fu
				Issue	Comp	Result			
1	LD	F0	0	R1	1	9	10	Load1	Yes 56
1	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	2	14	15	Load2	No
1	SD	F4	0	R1	3	18	19	Load3	Yes 64
2	LD	F0	0	R1	6	10	11	Store1	No
2	MULTD	F4	F0	F2	7	15	16	Store2	No
2	SD	F4	0	R1	8	19	20	Store3	Yes 64 Mult1

**Reservation Stations:**

Time	Name	Busy	Op	Vj	Vk	Qj	Qk	Code:
Add1	No							LD F0 0 R1
Add2	No							MULTD F4 F0 F2
Add3	No							SD F4 0 R1
Mult1	Yes	Multd			R(F2)	Load3		SUBI R1 R1 #8
Mult2	No							BNEZ R1 Loop

**Register result status**

Clock	R1	F0	F2	F4	F6	F8	F10	F12	...	F30
20	56	Fu	Load1	Mult1						

- Once again: In-order issue, out-of-order execution and out-of-order completion.

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## Why can Tomasulo overlap iterations of loops?

- **Register renaming**
  - Multiple iterations use different physical destinations for registers (dynamic loop unrolling).
- **Reservation stations**
  - Permit instruction issue to advance past integer control flow operations
  - Also buffer old values of registers - totally avoiding the WAR stall that we saw in the scoreboard.
- **Other perspective: Tomasulo building data flow dependency graph on the fly.**

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## Tomasulo's scheme offers 2 major advantages

1. **Distribution of the hazard detection logic**
  - Distributed reservation stations and the CDB
  - If multiple instructions waiting on single result, & each instruction has other operand, then instructions can be released simultaneously by broadcast on CDB
  - If a centralized register file were used, the units would have to read their results from the registers when register buses are available
2. **Elimination of stalls for WAW and WAR hazards**

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## What about Precise Interrupts?

- Tomasulo had:  
In-order issue, out-of-order execution, and out-of-order completion
- Need to “fix” the out-of-order completion aspect so that we can find precise breakpoint in instruction stream.

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## Relationship between precise interrupts and speculation:

- Speculation is a form of guessing
- Important for branch prediction:
  - Need to “take our best shot” at predicting branch direction
- If we speculate and are wrong, need to back up and restart execution to point at which we predicted incorrectly:
  - This is exactly same as precise exceptions!
- Technique for both precise interrupts/exceptions and speculation: *in-order completion or commit*
- See later lecture on Speculation

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## Summary

- Reservations stations: *implicit register renaming* to larger set of registers + buffering source operands
  - Prevents registers as bottleneck
  - Avoids WAR, WAW hazards of Scoreboard
  - Allows loop unrolling in HW
- Not limited to basic blocks (integer units get ahead, beyond branches)
- Today, helps cache misses as well
  - Don't stall for L1 Data cache miss (insufficient ILP for L2 miss?)
- Lasting Contributions
  - Dynamic scheduling
  - Register renaming
  - Load/store disambiguation
- 360/91 descendants are Pentium III; PowerPC 604; MIPS R10000; HP-PA 8000; Alpha 21264

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## Infosessions

- AMD vs Intel
- Brain-Computer Interfaces (BCI)

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