3D User Interfaces for the Real World

Lecture #17: Augmented/Mixed Reality
Spring 2008
Joseph J. LaViola Jr.

Special thanks to Ivan Poupyrev

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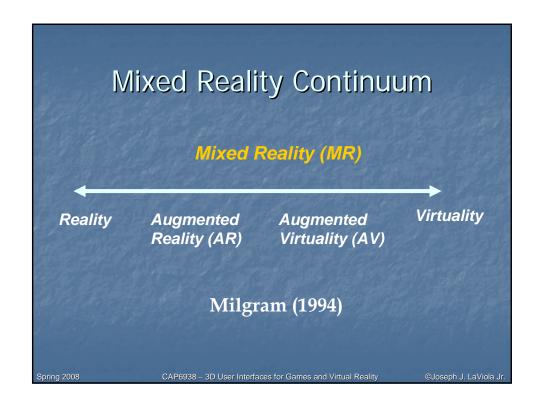
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Definitions

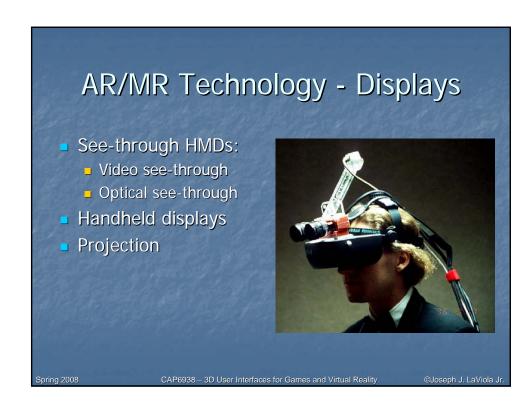
- Augmented reality: Refers to a system in which the user views and acts within an enhanced version of the real world. The enhancements are virtual (computergenerated), and can include objects or information.
- Mixed reality: Refers to a system that combines real and virtual objects and information.

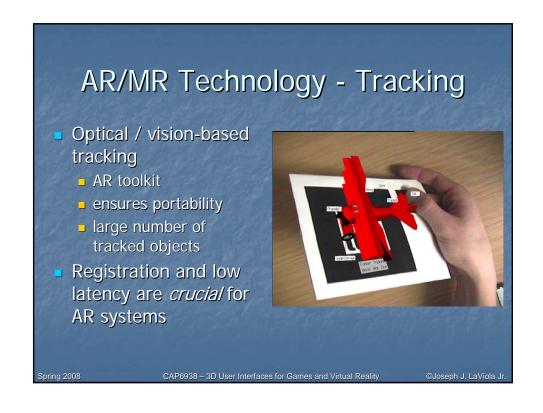
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AR/MR technology - Tracking

- Sourceless inertial orientation tracking
- GPS position tracking
 - enables mobile outdoor AR
- Markerless tracking

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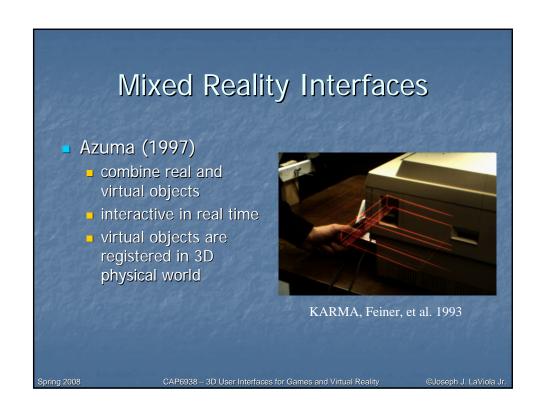
Mobile outdoor AR

- "Backpack systems"
- User wears/carries:
 - Computer
 - HMD
 - Inertial tracker
 - GPS unit/antenna
 - Input device(s)



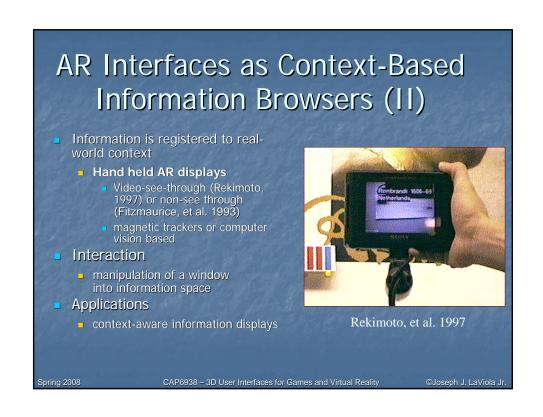
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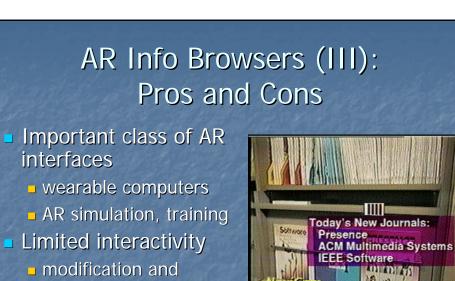
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AR Interfaces as 3D Information Browsers (I) 3D virtual objects are registered in 3D see-through HMDs, 6DOF optical, magnetic trackers "VR in Real World" Interaction 3D virtual viewpoint control Applications visualization, guidance, training CAP6938 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality CAP6931 – 3D User Interfaces for Games and Virtual Reality





Rekimoto, et al. 1997

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3D AR Interfaces (I)

 Virtual objects are displayed in 3D space and can be also manipulated in 3D

authoring virtual content

is difficult

- see-through HMDs and 6DOF head-tracking for AR display
- 6DOF magnetic, ultrasonic, or other hand trackers for input
- Interaction
 - viewpoint control
 - 3D user interface interaction: manipulation, selection, etc.



Kiyokawa, et al. 2000

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3D AR Interfaces (II): Information Displays

- How to move information in AR context dependent information browsers?
- InfoPoint (1999)
 - hand-held device
 - computer-vision 3D tracking
 - moves augmented data between marked locations
 - HMD is not generally needed, but desired since there are little display capabilities



Khotake, et al. 1999

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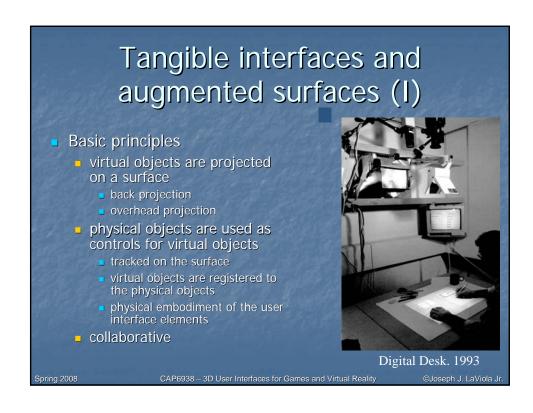
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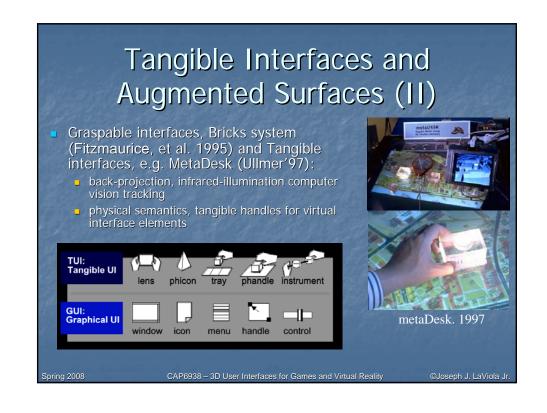
3D AR Interfaces (III): Pros and Cons

- Important class of AR interfaces
 - entertainment, design, training
- Advantages
 - seamless spatial interaction: User can interact with 3D virtual object everywhere in physical space
 - natural, familiar interfaces
- Disadvantages
 - usually no tactile feedback and HMDs are often required
 - interaction gap: user has to use different devices for virtual and physical objects

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Tangible Interfaces and Augmented Surfaces (III)

- Rekimoto, et al. 1998
 - front projection
 - marker-based tracking
 - multiple projection surfaces
 - tangible, physical interfaces + AR interaction with computing devices



Augmented surfaces, 1998

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Tangible Interfaces and Augmented Surfaces (IV)

- Advantages
 - seamless interaction flow user hands are used for interacting with both virtual and physical objects.
 - no need for special purpose input devices
- Disadvantages
 - interaction is limited only to 2D surface
 - spatial gap in interaction full 3D interaction and manipulation is difficult

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Orthogonal Nature of AR Interfaces (Poupyrev, 2001)

	3D AR	Augmented surfaces
Spatial gap	No interaction is everywhere	Yes interaction is only on 2D surfaces
Interaction gap	Yes separate devices for physical and virtual objects	No same devices for physical and virtual objects

Tangible AR interfaces (I)

Virtual objects are registered to marked physical "containers"

HMD

video-see-through tracking and registration using computer vision tracking

Virtual interaction by using 3D physical container

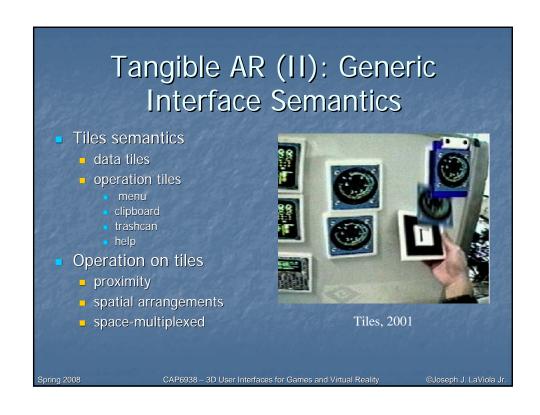
tangible, physical interaction
3D spatial interaction
Collaborative

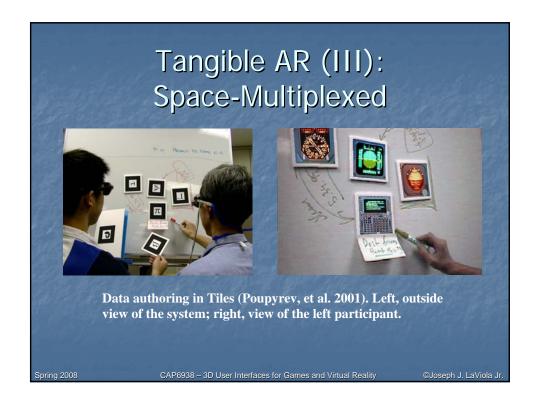
Shared Space, 1999

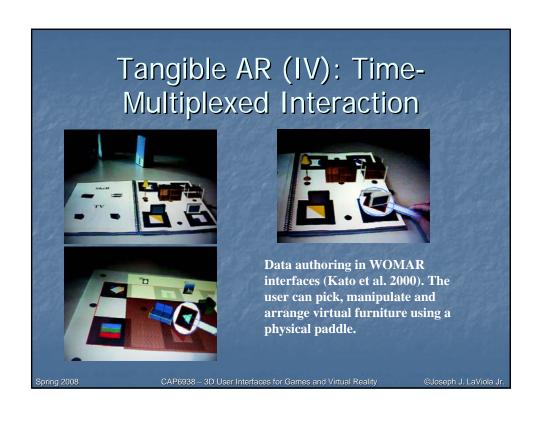
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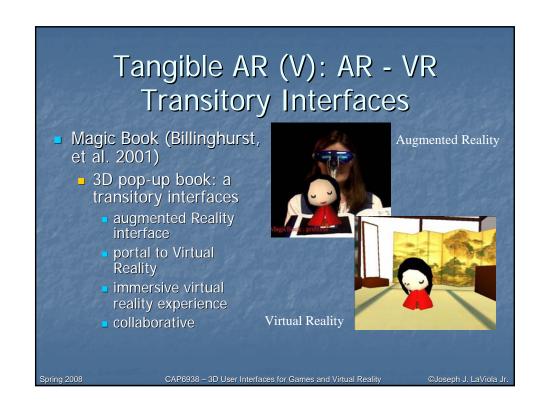
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Tangible AR (VI): Conclusions

- Advantages
 - seamless interaction with both virtual and physical tools
 - no need for special purpose input devices
 - seamless spatial interaction with virtual objects
 - 3D presentation of and manipulation with virtual objects anywhere in physical space
- Disadvantages
 - required HMD
 - markers should be visible for reliable tracking

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Challenges in AR/MR

- Occlusion and depth perception
- Text display and legibility
- Visual differences between real and virtual objects
- Registration and tracking
- Bulky HMDs and other equipment

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Next Class

- Paper presentations begins
- Final project proposals due Friday (3-21-08)!!!

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