

# Ink and Windows Presentation Foundation

Lecture #4: Ink and WPF  
Joseph J. LaViola Jr.  
Fall 2008

## From Last Time

- Windows Presentation Foundation (WPF)
  - integration of
    - ink
    - 2D Graphics
    - 3D Graphics
    - video and audio
  - uses visual tree model
    - component based
- XAML and C# code
- Important control – *InkCanvas*

## Important Ink Components

- InkCanvas – System.Windows.Controls
  - receives and displays ink strokes
  - starting point for ink applications
  - stores ink in Strokes
- System.Windows.Ink Namespace
  - contains classes to interact with and manipulate ink
  - examples
    - Stroke
    - InkRecognizer
    - InkAnalyzer
    - GestureRecognizer

## Dealing with InkCanvas

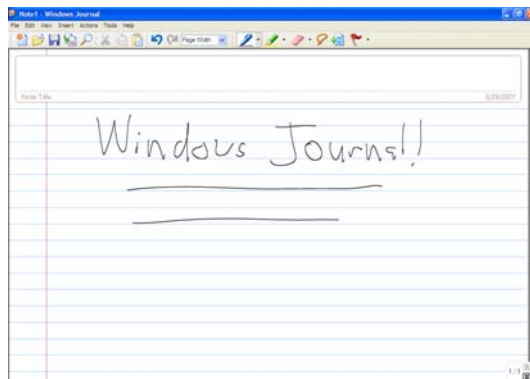
- *InkCanvas* collects Strokes
- Strokes contain *StylusPoints*
- *StylusPoints* contain X,Y, Pressure
  - can also be converted into Geometry objects
- Strokes contain
  - digitizer packets
  - drawing attributes
  - application-defined data
- *InkCanvas* has several stylus level events
  - *StrokeCollected*, *StylusInAirMove*, ...

## Strokes and Geometry

- Strokes
  - perform hit tests
  - get geometry, bounds, Bezier points
  - add properties
  - transformations
- Geometry
  - lose pressure and stylus specific data
  - Within scope of 2D graphics API
  - get area
  - create shapes
- No Cusp or self-intersection detection

## More InkCanvas Features

- Enough support to implement Windows Journal
- Modes
  - Ink
  - InkandGesture
  - GestureOnly
  - EraseByStroke
  - EraseByPoint
  - Select
  - None



## Drawing Attributes

- Can access on stroke level using *Drawing Attributes* property
- Can access on global level using the *InkCanvas DefaultDrawingAttributes* property
- Example attributes
  - color
  - Bezier curves
  - height and width of ink stroke
  - ignoring pressure

## InkCanvas Example

```
<Window x:Class="WpfApplication4.InkTest"
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
  xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml"
  Title="InkTest" Height="300" Width="300"
  Visibility='Visible'>
  <Grid>
    <InkCanvas
      Name='_ink'
      StrokeCollected='Collected'
      Background='Beige' />
    <Canvas Name='_overlay' />
  </Grid>
</Window>
```

```
private void Collected(object sender, InkCanvasStrokeCollectedEventArgs e)
{
    _overlay.Children.Clear();
    Brush fill = new SolidColorBrush(Color.FromArgb(120, 255, 0, 0));
    foreach (StylusPoint pt in e.Stroke.StylusPoints)
    {
        double markerSize = pt.PressureFactor * 35.0;
        Ellipse marker = new Ellipse();
        Canvas.SetLeft(marker, pt.X - markerSize / 2);
        Canvas.SetTop(marker, pt.Y - markerSize / 2);
        marker.Width = marker.Height = markerSize;
        marker.Fill = fill;
        _overlay.Children.Add(marker);
    }
}
```

Examples adapted from *Essential Windows Presentation Foundation* by Chris Anderson, Addison Wesley, 2007.

## Creating Your Own InkCanvas

- InkCanvas handles approx. 90-95% of what you need
- Can develop custom InkCanvas
  - InkPresenter – System.Windows.Controls
  - DynamicRenderer – System.Windows.Input.StylusPlugins
  - Stylus events
- See Windows SDK documentation

## Stylus Descriptions

- Other data besides x,y points and pressure
  - xtilt, ytilt
  - Barrel button
- Can request data globally using *DefaultStylusPointDescription* on *InkCanvas*
- Per stroke with *Reformat* method on *StylusPointCollection*

## Stylus Description Example

```
public InkTest() {
    InitializeComponent();
    _ink.DefaultStylusPointDescription = new StylusPointDescription(
        new StylusPointPropertyInfo[] {
            new StylusPointPropertyInfo(StylusPointProperties.X),
            new StylusPointPropertyInfo(StylusPointProperties.Y),
            new StylusPointPropertyInfo(StylusPointProperties.NormalPressure),
            new StylusPointPropertyInfo(StylusPointProperties.BarrelButton), });
}
```

Asks for information on x,y, pressure, and if the barrel button is pressed.

## Gesture Recognition

- Built in Gesture recognition engine
  - handwriting recognition and ink analysis are separate (outside of InkCanvas)
- 41 distinct gestures (found in ApplicationGesture enum)
  - check
  - square
  - triangle
  - arrows
  - scratchout
  - etc...

## Gesture Recognition Example

```
<Window x:Class="WpfApplication6.Window1"
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
  xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml"
  Title="GestureTester">
  <StackPanel>
    <InkCanvas Height='200' Name='_ink'
      Gesture='InkGesture'
      EditingMode='InkAndGesture' />
    <ListBox Name='_seen' />
  </StackPanel>
</Window>
```

```
public partial class Window1 : Window {
    public Window1() {
        InitializeComponent();
        _ink.SetEnabledGestures(new ApplicationGesture[] {
            ApplicationGesture.AllGestures,});
    }

    private void InkGesture(object sender, InkCanvasGestureEventArgs e) {
        _seen.Items.Add(e.GetGestureRecognitionResults()[0].ApplicationGesture);
    }
}
```

## Collecting Timing Information

```
// Create a guid for the date/timestamp.
Guid dtGuid = new Guid("03457307-3475-3450-3035-640435034540");
DateTime now = DateTime.Now;

// Check whether the property is already saved
if (thisStroke.ContainsPropertyData(dtGuid)) {
    // Check whether the existing property matches the current date/timestamp
    DateTime oldDT = (DateTime)thisStroke.GetPropertyData(dtGuid);
    if (oldDT != now) {
        // Update the current date and time
        thisStroke.AddPropertyData(dtGuid, now);
    }
}
```

This snippet works on a Stroke by Stroke basis. Can you think of how to do this on a point by point basis?

## Assignments

- Readings
  - Windows Presentation Foundation Unleashed – Chapters 11-14,16
  - Windows SDK documentation
    - Windows.System.Control.InkCanvas
    - Windows.System.Ink
- Assignment 1 – MiniJournal out
  - due Sept. 17 2008